Licence - 12885



Licence Details	
Number:	12885
Anniversary Date:	13-July

Licensee MIDCOAST COUNCIL PO BOX 450

FORSTER NSW 2428

Premises
MINIMBAH WASTE MANAGEMENT CENTRE
AERODROME RD
NABIAC NSW 2312

Scheduled Activity
Crushing, grinding or separating
Resource recovery
Waste disposal (application to land)

Fee Based Activity	Scale
Crushing, grinding or separating	0-30000 T annual processing capacity
Recovery of general waste	Any general waste recovered
Waste disposal by application to land	Any capacity

Region
Waste & Resource Recovery
59-61 Goulburn Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000
Phone: (02) 9995 5000
Fax: (02) 9995 5999
PO Box A290 SYDNEY SOUTH
NSW 1232





INFO	DRMATION ABOUT THIS LICENCE	4
Dict	tionary	4
Res	sponsibilities of licensee	4
Var	riation of licence conditions	4
Dur	ration of licence	4
Lice	ence review	- 4
Fee	es and annual return to be sent to the EPA	4
Tra	nsfer of licence	. 5
Pub	blic register and access to monitoring data	5
1	ADMINISTRATIVE CONDITIONS	6
A1	What the licence authorises and regulates	6
A2	Premises or plant to which this licence applies	6
А3	Information supplied to the EPA	6
2	DISCHARGES TO AIR AND WATER AND APPLICATIONS TO LAND	7
P1	Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas	7
3	LIMIT CONDITIONS	7
L1	Pollution of waters	7
L2	Waste	8
L3	Noise limits	- 8
L4	Blasting	g
L5	Hours of operation	10
L6	Potentially offensive odour	10
4	OPERATING CONDITIONS	10
01	Activities must be carried out in a competent manner	10
02	Maintenance of plant and equipment	10
О3	Dust	10
04	Emergency response	. 11
O5	Processes and management	11
06	Waste management	12
07	Other operating conditions	13
5	MONITORING AND RECORDING CONDITIONS	13
M1	Monitoring records	13
M2	Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged	14
МЗ	Testing methods - concentration limits	15



Licence - 12885

M4	Environmental monitoring	15
M5	Recording of pollution complaints	16
M6	Telephone complaints line	16
M7	Other monitoring and recording conditions	16
6 F	REPORTING CONDITIONS	17
R1	Annual return documents	17
R2	Notification of environmental harm	18
R3	Written report	18
R4	Other reporting conditions	19
7 (GENERAL CONDITIONS	19
G1	Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant	19
DICT	ONARY	20
Gen	eral Dictionary	20

Licence - 12885



Information about this licence

Dictionary

A definition of terms used in the licence can be found in the dictionary at the end of this licence.

Responsibilities of licensee

Separate to the requirements of this licence, general obligations of licensees are set out in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 ("the Act") and the Regulations made under the Act. These include obligations to:

- ensure persons associated with you comply with this licence, as set out in section 64 of the Act;
- control the pollution of waters and the pollution of air (see for example sections 120 132 of the Act):
- report incidents causing or threatening material environmental harm to the environment, as set out in Part 5.7 of the Act.

Variation of licence conditions

The licence holder can apply to vary the conditions of this licence. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

The EPA may also vary the conditions of the licence at any time by written notice without an application being made.

Where a licence has been granted in relation to development which was assessed under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 in accordance with the procedures applying to integrated development, the EPA may not impose conditions which are inconsistent with the development consent conditions until the licence is first reviewed under Part 3.6 of the Act.

Duration of licence

This licence will remain in force until the licence is surrendered by the licence holder or until it is suspended or revoked by the EPA or the Minister. A licence may only be surrendered with the written approval of the EPA.

Licence review

The Act requires that the EPA review your licence at least every 5 years after the issue of the licence, as set out in Part 3.6 and Schedule 5 of the Act. You will receive advance notice of the licence review.

Fees and annual return to be sent to the EPA

For each licence fee period you must pay:

- an administrative fee; and
- a load-based fee (if applicable).

Licence - 12885



The EPA publication "A Guide to Licensing" contains information about how to calculate your licence fees. The licence requires that an Annual Return, comprising a Statement of Compliance and a summary of any monitoring required by the licence (including the recording of complaints), be submitted to the EPA. The Annual Return must be submitted within 60 days after the end of each reporting period. See condition R1 regarding the Annual Return reporting requirements.

Usually the licence fee period is the same as the reporting period.

Transfer of licence

The licence holder can apply to transfer the licence to another person. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

Public register and access to monitoring data

Part 9.5 of the Act requires the EPA to keep a public register of details and decisions of the EPA in relation to, for example:

- licence applications;
- licence conditions and variations;
- statements of compliance;
- load based licensing information; and
- load reduction agreements.

Under s320 of the Act application can be made to the EPA for access to monitoring data which has been submitted to the EPA by licensees.

This licence is issued to:

MIDCOAST COUNCIL	
PO BOX 450	
FORSTER NSW 2428	

subject to the conditions which follow.

Licence - 12885



1 Administrative Conditions

A1 What the licence authorises and regulates

A1.1 This licence authorises the carrying out of the scheduled activities listed below at the premises specified in A2. The activities are listed according to their scheduled activity classification, fee-based activity classification and the scale of the operation.

Unless otherwise further restricted by a condition of this licence, the scale at which the activity is carried out must not exceed the maximum scale specified in this condition.

Scheduled Activity	Fee Based Activity	Scale
Crushing, grinding or separating	Crushing, grinding or separating	0 - 30000 T annual processing capacity
Resource recovery	Recovery of general waste	Any general waste recovered
Waste disposal (application to land)	Waste disposal by application to land	Any capacity

A2 Premises or plant to which this licence applies

A2.1 The licence applies to the following premises:

Premises Details		
MINIMBAH WASTE MANAGEMENT CENTRE		
AERODROME RD		
NABIAC		
NSW 2312		
LOT 102 DP 1116091		

A3 Information supplied to the EPA

A3.1 Works and activities must be carried out in accordance with the proposal contained in the licence application, except as expressly provided by a condition of this licence.

In this condition the reference to "the licence application" includes a reference to:

- a) the applications for any licences (including former pollution control approvals) which this licence replaces under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998; and
- b) the licence information form provided by the licensee to the EPA to assist the EPA in connection with the issuing of this licence.
- A3.2 The Minimbah Waste Management Facility Landfill Management Plan, prepared by Perram & Partners (March 2015), and subsequently amended, (hereafter referred to as "the LEMP") is not to be taken as part of the documentation in A3.1 other than those parts specifically referenced in this licence.

Licence - 12885



2 Discharges to Air and Water and Applications to Land

P1 Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas

- P1.1 The following utilisation areas referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any application of solids or liquids to the utilisation area.
- P1.2 The following points referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for discharges of pollutants to water from the point.

Water and land

EPA Identification no.	Type of Monitoring Point	Type of Discharge Point	Location Description
1	Stormwater quality monitoring		Stormwater dam located to the northwest of proposed landfill Cell 1A (E 441925.04, N 6443606.92)
2	Stomwater monitoring point		Overflow sediment dam located in the north-west of landfill Cell 1A, (E 441905.13, N 6443670.93)
3	Groundwater quality monitoring		"Bore Hole 2" MBA2 (E 442066.47, N 6443474.92 - from Minimbah Landfill Site Plan February 2013)
4	Groundwater quality monitoring		"Bore Hole 3" MBA3 (E 441960.75, N 6443756.75 - from Minimbah Landfill Site Plan February 2013)

Weather Monitoring

P1.3 The following point(s) in the table are identified in this licence for the purpose of the monitoring of weather parameters at the point.

EPA Identification Number	Type of Monitoring Point	Description of Location
5	Rainfall	Rain gauge on the premises

3 Limit Conditions

L1 Pollution of waters

L1.1 Except as may be expressly provided in any other condition of this licence, the licensee must comply with section 120 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

Licence - 12885



L2 Waste

L2.1 The licensee must not cause, permit or allow any waste to be received at the premises, except the wastes expressly referred to in the column titled "Waste" and meeting the definition, if any, in the column titled "Description" in the table below.

Any waste received at the premises must only be used for the activities referred to in relation to that waste in the column titled "Activity" in the table below.

Any waste received at the premises is subject to those limits or conditions, if any, referred to in relation to that waste contained in the column titled "Other Limits" in the table below.

This condition does not limit any other conditions in this licence.

Code	Waste	Description	Activity	Other Limits
NA	General solid waste (non-putrescible)	As defined in Schedule 1 of the POEO Act, in force from time to time.	Resource recovery Waste disposal (application to land) Waste processing (non-thermal treatment)	The total combined tonnage of General Solid Waste (putrescible) and General Solid Waste (non-putrescible) disposed of at the premises must not exceed 50,000 tonnes per/annum.
NA	General solid waste (putrescible)	As defined in Schedule 1 of the POEO Act, as in force from time to time.	Waste disposal (application to land) Waste processing (non-thermal treatment) Resource recovery	The total combined tonnage of General Solid Waste (putrescible) and General Solid Waste (non-putrescible) disposed of at the premises must not exceed 50,000 tonnes per/annum.

L3 Noise limits

L3.1 Noise from the premises must not exceed the following limits during the daytime period (7am to 6pm):

Location	Noise limit dB(A) (LAeq, 15 minute)
Residences along Hillcrest Road	36.5

Licence - 12885



Residences along the eastern side of Minimbah Road	39.5
Residences along the western side of Minimbah Road	42.5

Note: Where LAeq means the equivalent continuous noise level - the level of noise equivalent to the energy-average of noise levels occurring over a measurement period.

- L3.2 To determine compliance with condition(s) L6.1 noise must be measured at, or computed for, any affected noise sensitive locations (such as a residence, school or hospital). A modifying factor correction must be applied for tonal, impulsive or intermittent noise in accordance with the "Environmental Noise Management NSW Industrial Noise Policy (January 2000)".
- L3.3 The noise emission limits identified in this licence apply under all meteorological conditions except:
 a) during rain and wind speeds (at 10m height) greater than 3m/s; and
 b) under "non-significant weather conditions".

Note: Field meteorological indicators for non-significant weather conditions are described in the NSW Industrial Noise Policy, Chapter 5 and Appendix E in relation to wind and temperature inversions.

L4 Blasting

- L4.1 The overpressure level from blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 115dB (Lin Peak) for more than five per cent of the total number of blasts over each reporting period. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.
- L4.2 The overpressure level from blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 120dB (Lin Peak) at any time. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.
- L4.3 Ground vibration peak particle velocity from the blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 5mm/sec for more than five per cent of the total number of blasts over each reporting period. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.
- L4.4 Ground vibration peak particle velocity from the blasting operations at the premises must not exceed 10mm/sec at any time. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.
- L4.5 Blasting operations at the premises may only take place between 9:00am-3:00pm Monday to Friday. (Where compelling safety reasons exist, the Authority may permit a blast to occur outside the abovementioned hours. Prior written (or facsimile) notification of any such blast must be made to the Authority).
- L4.6 To determine compliance with condition(s) L4.1 to L4.4
 - a) Airblast overpressure and ground vibration levels must be measured and electronically recorded at the nearest sensitive receptors for all blasts carried out in or on the premises; and
 - b) Instrumentation used to measure the airblast overpressure and ground vibration levels must meet the requirements of Australian Standard AS 2187.2-2006.

Licence - 12885



L5 Hours of operation

- L5.1 All work at the premises must be conducted between the following hours:

 For the construction phase: 7am to 6pm Monday to Friday, and 8am to 1pm on Saturday; and for the operational phase 7am to 6pm, seven days a week.
- L5.2 This condition does not apply to the delivery of material outside the hours of operation permitted by condition L5.1, if that delivery is required by police or other authorities for safety reasons; and/or the operation or personnel or equipment are endangered. In such circumstances, prior notification must be provided to the EPA and affected residents as soon as possible or within a reasonable period in the case of emergency.

L6 Potentially offensive odour

- L6.1 No condition of this licence identifies a potentially offensive odour for the purposes of section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.
- Note: Section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, provides that the licensee must not cause or permit the emission of any offensive odour from the premises but provides a defence if the emission is identified in the relevant environment protection licence as a potentially offensive odour and the odour was emitted in accordance with the conditions of a licence directed at minimising odour.

4 Operating Conditions

O1 Activities must be carried out in a competent manner

O1.1 Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner.

This includes:

- a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and
- b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.

O2 Maintenance of plant and equipment

- O2.1 All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity:
 - a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.

O3 Dust

O3.1 All operations and activities occurring at the premises must be carried out in a manner that will minimise

Licence - 12885



the emission of dust from the premises.

O4 Emergency response

- O4.1 The licensee must have in place and implement appropriate procedures to minimise the risk of fire at the premises.
- O4.2 The licensee must extinguish fires at the premises as soon as possible.
- O4.3 The licensee must maintain, and implement as necessary, a current emergency response plan for the premises. The licensee must keep the emergency response plan on the premises at all times. The emergency response plan must document systems and procedures to deal with all types of incidents (e.g. spills, explosions or fire) that may occur at the premises or that may be associated with activities that occur at the premises and which are likely to cause harm to the environment. If a current emergency response plan does not exist at the date on which this condition is attached to the licence, the licensee must develop an emergency response plan within three months of that date.

O5 Processes and management

- O5.1 The drainage from all areas at the premises which will liberate suspended solids when stormwater runs over these areas must be diverted into the sedimentation on the premises.
- O5.2 Each sedimentation basin must have a marker (the "sedimentation basin marker") that identifies the upper level of the sediment storage zone.
- O5.3 Whenever the level of liquid and other material in any sedimentation basin exceeds the level indicated by the sedimentation basin marker, the licensee must take all practical measures as soon as possible to reduce the level of liquid and other material in the sedimentation basin.
- O5.4 Each basin used for the capture or storage of stormwater at the premises must be identified by a clearly visible sign placed adjacent to the basin that it identifies.
- O5.5 The leachate and stormwater dams on the premises must be maintained to ensure that their design capacity is available for the storage of leachate and stormwater respectively.
- O5.6 The licensee must take all practicable steps to control entry to the premises.
- O5.7 The licensee must install and maintain a stockproof perimeter fence around the premises.
- O5.8 The licensee must install and maintain a high wire mesh fence of not less than 1.8 metres around the active tipping area.
- O5.9 The licensee must install and maintain lockable security gates at all access and departure locations.
- O5.10 The licensee must ensure that all gates are locked whenever the landfill is unattended.
- O5.11 The licensee must ensure that adequately trained staff are available at the premises in order to administer

Environment Protection Authority - NSW Licence version date: 19-Jul-2016

Licence - 12885



the requirements of this licence.

O6 Waste management

- O6.1 Surface drainage must be diverted away from any area where waste is being or has been landfilled.
- O6.2 There must be no incineration or burning of any waste at the premises.
- O6.3 The licensee must have in place and implement procedures to identify and prevent the disposal of any waste not permitted by this licence to be disposed of at the premises.
- O6.4 The licensee must ensure that a compaction of 0.65 tonnes per cubic metre is achieved for each 50,000 tonnes of waste disposed of at the premises.
- O6.5 The licensee must ensure that the achieved compaction rate of landfilled waste (excluding cover material) is stated in the annual report for the waste premises submitted to the EPA.
- O6.6 Vehicles must depart the premises in accordance with section 4.5.3 of the LEMP to ensure that remnants of loads or adhering mud does not litter public roads.
- O6.7 Cover material must be applied to landfilled areas as specified below:
 - a) Daily cover material

Cover must be

- i) Virgin Excavated Natural Material ("VENM"), or
- ii) Landfill lids
- b) Daily cover
- i) Cover material must be applied over all exposed landfilled waste prior to ceasing operations at the end of each day.
- ii) Cover material must be applied to a minimum depth of 15 centimetres unless the landfill lids are being utilised.
- c) Cover material stockpile
- i) At least two weeks cover material must be available at the premises under all weather conditions.
- ii) A cover stockpile must be maintained adjacent to the tip face.
- O6.8 Intermediate cover material must be Virgin Excavated Natural Material and must be applied to a depth of 30 centimetres over surfaces of the landfilled waste at the premises which are to be exposed for more than 90 days.
- O6.9 Filling of the initial cell must be generally in accordance with sequence detailed in the July 2013 Note by Robert H Amaral provided in the appendixes of the document "*Great lakes Council, Minimbah Waste Facility, Leachate Management Plan, February 2015,*" (EPA Reference: TRIM DOC15/123118-01)

Licence - 12885



O7 Other operating conditions

Closure Plan

O7.1 The licensee must submit to the EPA within three months prior to the last load of waste being landfilled a closure plan in accordance with Section 76 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

Cell Construction and Leachate Collection

- O7.2 Cells used for the disposal of waste must be lined with a 600mm thick compacted clay liner with a permeability equal to or less than 10 -9 m/sec. The liner must cover the entire base of the cell and extend at least 1.5 metres up the sidewalls of the cell.
- O7.3 Cells used for the disposal of waste must have a leachate collection and conveyance system overlaying the compacted clay liner. The system must comprise 150mm diameter HDPE pipes at a minimum 50 meters centres. The pipes must be covered with 20mm to 50mm aggregate to a depth of 600mm and a width of at least one metre.
- O7.4 After completion of construction of the liner and leachate collection and conveyance system of the initial cell the licensee must provide the EPA with a Construction Quality Assurance (CQA) Report. The CQA Report must provide:
 - a) as constructed surveys of the surfaces, including sidewalls, on which the clay liner was installed; the surface of the completed clay liner; and the leachate collection and conveyance system; and
 - b) test results demonstrating the permeability of the compacted clay liner and the particle size of aggregate used in the leachate collection and conveyance system; and
 - c) a photographic record of the construction.

5 Monitoring and Recording Conditions

M1 Monitoring records

- M1.1 The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.
- M1.2 All records required to be kept by this licence must be:
 - a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form;
 - b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and
 - c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.
- M1.3 The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence:
 - a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken;
 - b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected;
 - c) the point at which the sample was taken; and
 - d) the name of the person who collected the sample.

Licence - 12885



M2 Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged

- M2.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the concentration of each pollutant specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, and sample at the frequency, specified opposite in the other columns:
- M2.2 Water and/ or Land Monitoring Requirements

POINT 1,2

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Ammonia	milligrams per litre	Special Frequency 1	Grab sample
Conductivity	micrograms per litre	Special Frequency 1	Grab sample
рН	рН	Special Frequency 1	Probe
TSS	milligrams per litre	Special Frequency 1	Grab sample
Turbidity	nephelometric turbidity units	Special Frequency 1	Probe

POINT 3,4

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Alkalinity (as calcium carbonate)	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Aluminium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Ammonia	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Arsenic	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Barium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Benzene	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Cadmium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Calcium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Chloride	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Chromium (hexavalent)	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Chromium (total)	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Cobalt	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Conductivity	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Copper	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Ethyl benzene	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Fluoride	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Lead	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Magnesium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Manganese	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Mercury	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Nitrate	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample

Licence - 12885



Organochlorine pesticides Organophosphate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample pesticides PH PH Yearly Grab sample Phosphorus (total) milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Polycyclic aromatic milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Potassium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Sodium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Standing Water milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Sodids Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Total milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample				
pesticides pH pH yearly Grab sample Phosphorus (total) milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons Potassium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Sodium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Standing Water milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	_	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Phosphorus (total) milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Polycyclic aromatic milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Polycyclic aromatic milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Potassium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Sodium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Standing Water milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample		milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons Potassium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Sodium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Standing Water milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	рН	рН	Yearly	Grab sample
hydrocarbons Potassium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Sodium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Standing Water milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Phosphorus (total)	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Sodium milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Standing Water milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample		milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Standing Water Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Potassium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Level Sulfate milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample hydrocarbons Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Sodium	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Toluene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample hydrocarbons Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Grab sample Grab sample	~	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Total dissolved milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample hydrocarbons Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Grab sample Grab sample Grab sample	Sulfate	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
solids Total organic carbon milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample hydrocarbons Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Toluene	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Total petroleum milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample hydrocarbons Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample		milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
hydrocarbons Total Phenolics milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Total organic carbon	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Total suspended milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	•	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
solids Xylene milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Total Phenolics	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
	•	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
Zinc milligrams per litre Yearly Grab sample	Xylene	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample
	Zinc	milligrams per litre	Yearly	Grab sample

Note: Special Frequency 1 = During discharge, sampling to occur within 8 hours of a rainfall event that exceeds a 10 year Average Recurrence Interval (ARI).

Surface landfill gas monitoring

M2.3 The licensee must conduct surface monitoring for landfill gases (methane, oxygen, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) on a monthly basis commencing when intermediate or final cover is laid in accordance with Benchmark Technique 17 of the EPAs "Environmental Guidelines: Solid Waste Guidelines, 1996" and in accordance with Monitoring Program 5.1.1 in Minimbah Waste Management Centre Landfill Environmental Management Plan, 2015).

M3 Testing methods - concentration limits

M3.1 Subject to any express provision to the contrary in this licence, monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant discharged to waters or applied to a utilisation area must be done in accordance with the Approved Methods Publication unless another method has been approved by the EPA in writing before any tests are conducted.

M4 Environmental monitoring

Licence - 12885



- M4.1 Within 3 months from the completion of three years worth of groundwater monitoring in accordance with conditions M2 and M3 the licensee must submit in writing to the EPA and seek written approval for the following:
 - a) a list of parameters and sampling frequencies to be used as the basis of groundwater testing for an ongoing Groundwater Monitoring Program; and
 - b) a list of concentrations/units for the parameters to be used as limits to indicate the detection of groundwater pollution when compared to the groundwater test results obtained from the on-going Groundwater Monitoring Program.

M5 Recording of pollution complaints

- M5.1 The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.
- M5.2 The record must include details of the following:
 - a) the date and time of the complaint;
 - b) the method by which the complaint was made;
 - c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect;
 - d) the nature of the complaint;
 - e) the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
 - f) if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons why no action was taken.
- M5.3 The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.
- M5.4 The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.

M6 Telephone complaints line

- M6.1 The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.
- M6.2 The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.
- M6.3 The preceding two conditions do not apply until 3 months after: the date of the issue of this licence.

M7 Other monitoring and recording conditions

- M7.1 The licensee must monitor the remaining disposal capacity (in cubic metres) of the landfill.
- M7.2 Within 3 months from the completion of three years worth of groundwater monitoring in accordance with conditions M2 and M3 the licensee must submit in writing to the EPA the data required by M11.1. The

Environment Protection Authority - NSW Licence version date: 19-Jul-2016

Licence - 12885



data must be submitted in graphical and tabular form.

6 Reporting Conditions

R1 Annual return documents

- R1.1 The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in the approved form comprising:
 - 1. a Statement of Compliance,
 - 2. a Monitoring and Complaints Summary,
 - 3. a Statement of Compliance Licence Conditions,
 - 4. a Statement of Compliance Load based Fee,
 - 5. a Statement of Compliance Requirement to Prepare Pollution Incident Response Management Plan,
 - 6. a Statement of Compliance Requirement to Publish Pollution Monitoring Data; and
 - 7. a Statement of Compliance Environmental Management Systems and Practices.

At the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be completed and returned to the EPA.

- R1.2 An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting period, except as provided below.
- R1.3 Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to a new licensee:
 - a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date the application for the transfer of the licence to the new licensee is granted; and
 - b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the date the application for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending on the last day of the reporting period.
- R1.4 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on:
 - a) in relation to the surrender of a licence the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or
 - b) in relation to the revocation of the licence the date from which notice revoking the licence operates.
- R1.5 The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA via eConnect *EPA* or by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').
- R1.6 The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.
- R1.7 Within the Annual Return, the Statements of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by:
 - a) the licence holder; or
 - b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.
- R1.8 The licensee must report any exceedence of the licence blasting limits to the regional office of the EPA as soon as practicable after the exceedence becomes known to the licensee or to one of the licensee's employees or agents.

Environment Protection Authority - NSW Licence version date: 19-Jul-2016

Licence - 12885



- R1.9 The licensee must supply, with each Annual Return, a Blast Monitoring Report which must include the following information relating to each blast carried out within the premises during the reporting period covered by the Annual Return:
 - a) the date and time of the blast;
 - b) the location of the blast on the premises;
 - c) the blast monitoring results at each blast monitoring station; and
 - d) an explanation for any missing blast monitoring results.
- Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.

Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.

R2 Notification of environmental harm

- R2.1 Notifications must be made by telephoning the Environment Line service on 131 555.
- R2.2 The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.
- R2.3 The licensee must notify the EPA within 24 hours in accordance with condition R2.1 if subsurface monitoring detects methane above 1.25% (v/v), and increase the frequency of monitoring to daily, until the EPA determines otherwise.
- Note: The licensee or its employees must notify all relevant authorities of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment immediately after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.

R3 Written report

- R3.1 Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that:
 - a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or
 - b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence,
 - and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.
- R3.2 The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.
- R3.3 The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:
 - a) the cause, time and duration of the event;
 - b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;
 - c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event;

Licence - 12885



- d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;
- e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;
- f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and
- g) any other relevant matters.
- R3.4 The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.

R4 Other reporting conditions

- R4.1 The licensee must maintain a daily log and record the following data of fires at the site:
 - a) Time and date when the fire was deliberately started or reported.
 - b) Whether the fire was authorised by the licensee, and, if not, the circumstances which ignited the fire.
 - c) The time and date that the fire ceased and whether it burnt out or was extinguished.
 - d) The location of fire (eg. clean timber stockpile, putrescible garbage cell, etc).
 - e) Prevailing weather conditions.
 - f) Observations made in regard to smoke direction and dispersion.
 - g) The amount of waste that was combusted by the fire.
 - h) Action taken to extinguish the fire.
- R4.2 The licensee or its employees or agents must notify the EPA in accordance with conditions R2.1 and R2.2 of all fires at the premises as soon as practical after becoming aware of the incident.

7 General Conditions

G1 Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant

- G1.1 A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.
- G1.2 The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.
- G1.3 The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.

Licence - 12885



Dictionary

General Dictionary

3DGM [in relation
to a concentration
limit1

Means the three day geometric mean, which is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount. Where one or more of the samples is zero or below the detection limit for the analysis, then 1 or the detection limit respectively should be used in place of those samples

Act Means the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

activityMeans a scheduled or non-scheduled activity within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment

Operations Act 1997

actual load Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

AM Together with a number, means an ambient air monitoring method of that number prescribed by the

Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

AMG Australian Map Grid

anniversary date The anniversary date is the anniversary each year of the date of issue of the licence. In the case of a

licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the

commencement of the Act.

annual return Is defined in R1.1

Approved Methods Publication

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

assessable pollutants

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

BOD Means biochemical oxygen demand

CEM Together with a number, means a continuous emission monitoring method of that number prescribed by

the Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

COD Means chemical oxygen demand

composite sample Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the EPA, a sample consisting of 24 individual samples

collected at hourly intervals and each having an equivalent volume.

cond. Means conductivity

environment Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

environment protection legislation

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991

EPA Means Environment Protection Authority of New South Wales.

fee-based activity classification

Means the numbered short descriptions in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009.

general solid waste (non-putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

Licence - 12885



flow weighted composite sample

general solid waste

(putrescible)

Means a sample whose composites are sized in proportion to the flow at each composites time of collection

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environmen t Operations Act

199

grab sample Means a single sample taken at a point at a single time

hazardous waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

licensee Means the licence holder described at the front of this licence

load calculation protocol

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

local authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

material harm Has the same meaning as in section 147 Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

MBAS Means methylene blue active substances

Minister Means the Minister administering the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

mobile plant Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

motor vehicle Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

O&G Means oil and grease

percentile [in relation to a concentration limit of a sample] Means that percentage [eg.50%] of the number of samples taken that must meet the concentration limit specified in the licence for that pollutant over a specified period of time. In this licence, the specified period of time is the Reporting Period unless otherwise stated in this licence.

plant Includes all plant within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 as well as

motor vehicles.

pollution of waters [or water pollution]

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

premises Means the premises described in condition A2.1

public authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

regional office Means the relevant EPA office referred to in the Contacting the EPA document accompanying this licence

reporting period For the purposes of this licence, the reporting period means the period of 12 months after the issue of the

licence, and each subsequent period of 12 months. In the case of a licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary

of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the commencement of the Act.

restricted solid waste

scheduled activity

ste 1997

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

Means an activity listed in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

special waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

TM Together with a number, means a test method of that number prescribed by the Approved Methods for the

Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

Licence - 12885



Means total suspended particles TSP

Means total suspended solids TSS

Means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or Type 1 substance

more of those elements

Type 2 substance Means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any

compound containing one or more of those elements

utilisation area Means any area shown as a utilisation area on a map submitted with the application for this licence

waste Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

waste type Means liquid, restricted solid waste, general solid waste (putrescible), general solid waste (non-

putrescible), special waste or hazardous waste

Ms Danielle Playford

Environment Protection Authority

(By Delegation)

Date of this edition: 13-July-2011

End Notes

- 2 Licence varied by notice 1536395 issued on 29-Jan-2016
- Licence transferred through application 1542720 approved on 19-Jul-2016, which came into effect on 19-Jul-2016